

Unlike English vocabulary, which is often learned as **isolated alphabetic words**, **Chinese vocabulary** grows from **base characters** organized by **clear semantic logic**. Learning **a single character** can **unlock** a family of **related meanings and words** — much like buying one item and getting several more for free. **Look at these characters** closely. What do they have **in common**? What is **the vocab-building logic**?



How do you **pronounce** and **write** these characters? **Click** on each character to **hear** its pronunciation, **watch** the stroke order, **practice** writing, and **quiz** yourself.

Pútáo	Pútáo jiǔ	Bái pútáo jiǔ	Hóng pútáo jiǔ	Pútáo gān	Pútáo yuán	Pútáo téng	Pútáo zhī
葡萄	葡萄酒	白葡萄酒	红葡萄酒	葡萄干	葡萄园	葡萄藤	葡萄汁

lì jù pútáoyuán lǐ de pútáo téng shàng yǒu pútáo pútáo néngzuòchéng bái pútáojiǔ hóng pútáojiǔ pútáo zhī hé pútáogān
例句: 葡萄园里的葡萄藤上有葡萄。葡萄能做成白葡萄酒、红葡萄酒、葡萄汁和葡萄干。